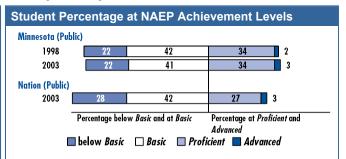
Snapshot Report

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses reading in three contexts described in the NAEP framework: reading for literary experience, to gain information, and to perform a task. The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500.

Overall Reading Results for Minnesota

- In 2003, the average scale score for eighth-grade students in Minnesota was 268. This was not found to be significantly different1 from the average score in 1998 (265).
- Minnesota's average score (268) in 2003 was higher than that of the nation's public schools (261).
- Of the 53 states and jurisdictions² that participated in the 2003 eighth-grade assessment, students' average scale scores in Minnesota were higher than those in 27 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 23 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 2 jurisdictions.
- The percentage of students in Minnesota who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 37 percent in 2003. This percentage was not found to be significantly different from 1998 (36 percent).



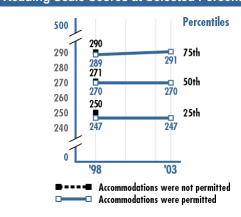
NOTE: The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500, with the achievement levels corresponding to the following points: Below Basic, 242 or lower; Basic, 243-280; Proficient, 281-322; Advanced, 323 or above.

Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Minnesota						
	Percentage	Average	Percentage of students at			
Reporting groups	of students	Score	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Male	51	261	27	44	27	2
Female	49	274	16	38	41	4
White	83	273	17	42	38	3
Black	6	243	49	39	12	#
Hispanic	3	240	54	30	14	2
Asian/Pacific Islander	5	257 🕇	36	38	23	2
American Indian/Alaska Native	2					
Free/reduced-price school lunch						
Eligible	22	248	44	39	16	1
Not eligible	77	274	15	41	40	4

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2003, male students in Minnesota had an average score that was lower than that of female students (13 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (15 points).
- In 2003, White students had an average score that was higher than that of Black students (29 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (38 points).
- The sample size was not sufficient to permit a reliable estimate for Hispanic students in Minnesota in 1998.
- In 2003, students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch had an average score that was higher than that of students who were eligible (26 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (23 points).

Reading Scale Scores at Selected Percentiles



An examination of scores at different percentiles on the 0-500 NAEP reading scale at each grade indicates how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels of the distribution performed.

- # The estimate rounds to zero.
- --- Reporting standards not met; sample size insufficient to permit a reliable estimate.
- ↑ Significantly higher than, ↓ lower than 1998.

* Significantly different from 2003. 1 Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities and limited-English-proficient students in the NAEP samples and changes in sample sizes. NAEP sample sizes have increased since 2002 compared to previous years, resulting in smaller detectable differences than in previous assessments.

2 "Jurisdictions" includes participating states and other jurisdictions (such as the District of Columbia and the Department of Defense Dependents Schools). NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for Free/reduced-price lunch is not displayed. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1998 and 2003 Reading Assessments.